

# Aufgaben zur Produktregel

## Lösungsvorschläge

### Polynomfunktionen

a)  $u(x) = x - 2 \wedge v(x) = x + 3$   
 $u'(x) = 1 \wedge v'(x) = 1$   
 $f'(x) = x - 2 + x + 3 = 2x + 1$

b)  $u(x) = x^2 - 3x + 1 \wedge v(x) = x^4 - 3x^2$   
 $u'(x) = 2x - 3 \wedge v(x) = 4x^3 - 6x$   
 $f'(x) = (x^2 - 3x + 1)(4x^3 - 6x) + (2x - 3)(x^4 - 3x^2)$   
 $= 4x^5 - 6x^3 - 12x^4 + 18x^2 + 4x^3 - 6x$   
 $+ 2x^5 - 6x^3 - 3x^4 + 9x^2$   
 $= 6x^5 - 15x^4 - 8x^3 + 27x^2 - 6x$

c)  $u(x) = x^2 \wedge v(x) = (x+4)^2 \wedge m(x) = x+4 \wedge n(x) = x+4$   
 $u'(x) = 2x \wedge v'(x) = 2x+8 \wedge m'(x) = 1 \wedge n'(x) = 1$   
 $f'(x) = x^2(2x+8) + 2x(x+4)^2$   
 $= x(2x^2 + 8x + 2(x+4)^2)$   
 $= x(2x^2 + 8x + 2(x^2 + 8x + 16))$   
 $= x(2x^2 + 8x + 2x^2 + 16x + 32)$

### Potpourri von Funktionsklassen

a)  $u(x) = x \wedge v(x) = \sin(x)$   
 $u'(x) = 1 \wedge v'(x) = \cos(x)$   
 $f'(x) = \sin(x) + x \cos(x)$

b)  $u(x) = x \wedge v(x) = e^x$   
 $u'(x) = 1 \wedge v'(x) = e^x$   
 $f'(x) = e^x + x \cdot e^x = (x+1)e^x$

c)  $u(x) = x^2 - 5 \wedge v(x) = e^x$   
 $u'(x) = 2x \wedge v'(x) = e^x$   
 $f'(x) = (x^2 - 5)e^x + 2x e^x = ((x^2 - 5) + 2x)e^x = (x^2 + 2x - 5)e^x$

d)  $u(x) = x^3 \wedge v(x) = \sin(x)$   
 $u'(x) = 3x^2 \wedge v(x) = \cos(x)$   
 $f'(x) = x^3 \cdot \sin(x) + 3x^2 \cdot \cos(x) = x^2(x \cdot \sin(x) + 3\cos(x))$

e)  $u(x) = \sin(x) \wedge v(x) = \sin(x)$   
 $u'(x) = \cos(x) \wedge v'(x) = \cos(x)$   
 $f'(x) = \sin(x) \cdot \cos(x) + \sin(x) \cdot \cos(x) = 2 \cdot \sin(x) \cdot \cos(x)$



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$$\text{f)} \quad u(x) = e^x \wedge v(x) = e^x$$

$$u'(x) = e^x \wedge v'(x) = e^x$$

$$f'(x) = (e^x)^2 + (e^x)^2 = e^{2x} + e^{2x} = 2e^{2x}$$

### Wer ist von wem abgeleitet?

a)  $h(x) = (-\cos(x))e^x$   
 $u(x) = -\cos(x) \wedge v(x) = e^x$   
 $u'(x) = \sin(x) \wedge v'(x) = e^x$   
 $h'(x) = f(x) = \sin(x) \cdot e^x - \cos(x) \cdot e^x = (\sin(x) - \cos(x))e^x$

b)  $f(x) = x^4 \cdot e^x + e^x \cdot x^2$   
 $f(x) = e^x(x^4 + x^2)$   
 $u(x) = x^4 + x^2 \wedge v(x) = e^x$   
 $u'(x) = 4x^3 + 2x \wedge v'(x) = e^x$   
 $f'(x) = h(x) = (x^4 + x^2) \cdot e^x + (4x^3 + 2x)e^x = (x^4 + 4x^3 + x^2 + 2x)e^x$

### Funktionsterme vervollständigen

a)  $f(x) = (\sin(x) - \cos(x))^2$   
 $u(x) = \sin(x) - \cos(x) \wedge v(x) = \sin(x) - \cos(x)$   
 $u'(x) = \sin(x) + \cos(x) \wedge v'(x) = \sin(x) + \cos(x)$   
 $f'(x) = (\sin(x) - \cos(x))(\sin(x) + \cos(x)) + (\sin(x) - \cos(x))(\sin(x) + \cos(x))$   
 $= 2((\sin(x) - \cos(x))(\sin(x) + \cos(x))) = 2(\sin(x) - \cos(x))(\sin(x) + \cos(x))$   
 $= 2(\sin(x))^2(\cos(x))^2 = 1 - 2(\cos(x))^2$

b)  $f(x) = x^2 \cdot \sin(x) \cdot e^x$   
 $u(x) = x^2 \wedge v(x) = \sin(x) \cdot e^x \wedge m(x) = \sin(x) \wedge n(x) = e^x$   
 $u'(x) = 2x \wedge v'(x) = \sin(x) \cdot e^x + \cos(x) \cdot e^x = (\sin(x) + \cos(x))e^x$   
 $\wedge m'(x) = \cos(x) \wedge n'(x) = e^x$   
 $f'(x) = x^2 \cdot (\sin(x) + \cos(x))e^x + 2x \cdot \sin(x)e^x = e^x(\sin(x)(x^2 + 2x) + \cos(x))$

c)  $f(x) = x^3(\sin(x))^2$   
 $u(x) = x^3 \wedge v(x) = (\sin(x))^2 \wedge m(x) = \sin(x) \wedge n(x) = \sin(x)$   
 $u'(x) = 3x^2 \wedge v'(x) = \sin(x) \cdot \cos(x) + \sin(x) \cdot \cos(x) = 2\sin(x) \cdot \cos(x)$   
 $\wedge m'(x) = \cos(x) \wedge n'(x) = \cos(x)$   
 $f'(x) = 2x^3 \cdot \sin(x) \cdot \cos(x) + 3x^2 \cdot \sin(x) \cdot \cos(x) = \sin(x)(2x^3 \cdot \cos(x) + 3x^2 \sin(x))$



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